

# Validation of single-particle test samples with SDHCAL and comparison with AHCal

## ILD software & analysis meeting

C. Carrillo for the SDHCAL collaboration



GOBIERNO  
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MINISTERIO  
DE CIENCIA  
E INNOVACIÓN

**Ciemat**

Centro de Investigaciones  
Energéticas, Medioambientales  
y Tecnológicas



# First look at the datasets for the SDHCAL validation and AHCAL comparison

- Details about the ILD confluence production for the test production with the latest ilcsoft v02-01. <https://confluence.desy.de/display/ILD/Production+with+v02-01>
- The data (mostly single particles) are reconstructed with the AHCAL (scintillator) option ILD-l5-o1-v02 and few with SDHCAL option ILD-l5-o2-v02.
- For the moment We have access to the high level objects in this dataset.

# First look at the datasets for the SDHCAL validation and AHCAL comparison, $K_L^0$

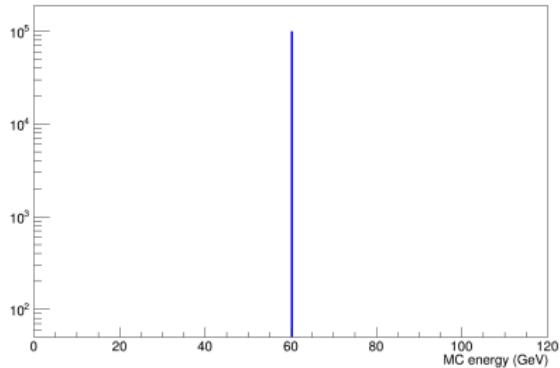
- Energy range: (1,2,5,10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110) GeV. [o1](#)
- Energy range: (1,2,5,10,20,30,40,50,70) GeV. [o2](#)
- We made a full copy of both datasets to our local cluster in CIEMAT dedicated to CALICE/ILD analysis by accessing the dataset via DIRAC<sup>1</sup>
- Using the same ilcsoft version (v02-01 → `/cvmfs/ilc.desy.de/sw/x86_64_gcc82_s16/v02-01/init_ilcsoft.sh`) as for the central production we have produced the corresponding LCTuples.
- The resolution/linearity studies are now done with the total sum of the reconstructed energy in the event. Previous studies were done with the closest reco match in  $\Delta R$  to the generated  $K_L^0$ .

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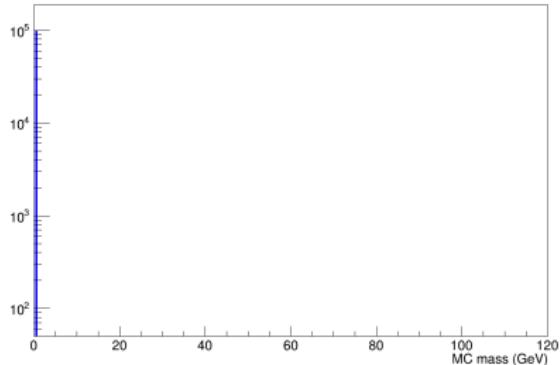
<sup>1</sup>We have solved certificate issues

# SDHCAL validation, $K_L^0$ p=60 GeV

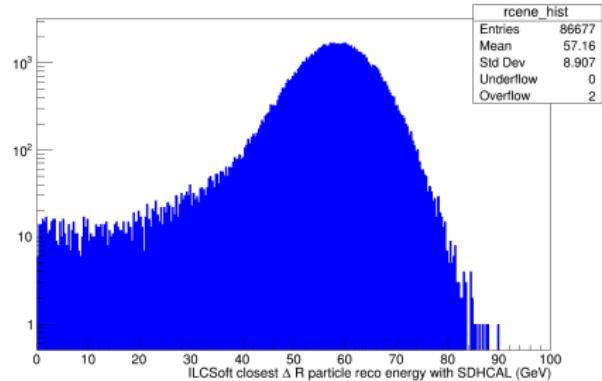
MC energy 60 GeV



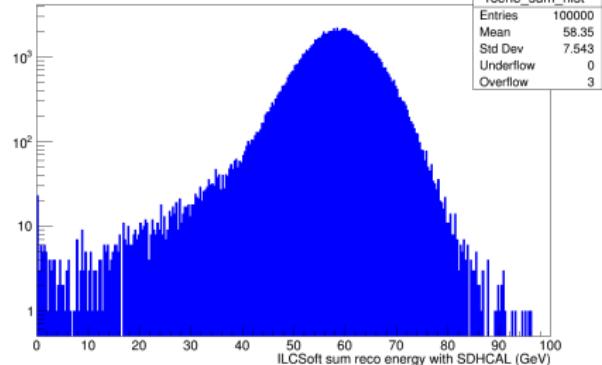
MC mass 60 GeV



ILCSoft closest Δ R particle reco energy with SDHCAL (GeV)



ILCSoft sum reco energy with SDHCAL(GeV)



# Crystalball fit

$$f(x; \alpha, n, \bar{x}, \sigma) = N \cdot \begin{cases} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\bar{x})^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), & \text{for } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} > -\alpha \\ A \cdot (B - \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma})^{-n}, & \text{for } \frac{x-\bar{x}}{\sigma} \leq -\alpha \end{cases}$$

$$A = \left(\frac{n}{|\alpha|}\right)^n \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right),$$

$$B = \frac{n}{|\alpha|} - |\alpha|,$$

$$N = \frac{1}{\sigma(C + D)},$$

$$C = \frac{n}{|\alpha|} \cdot \frac{1}{n-1} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right),$$

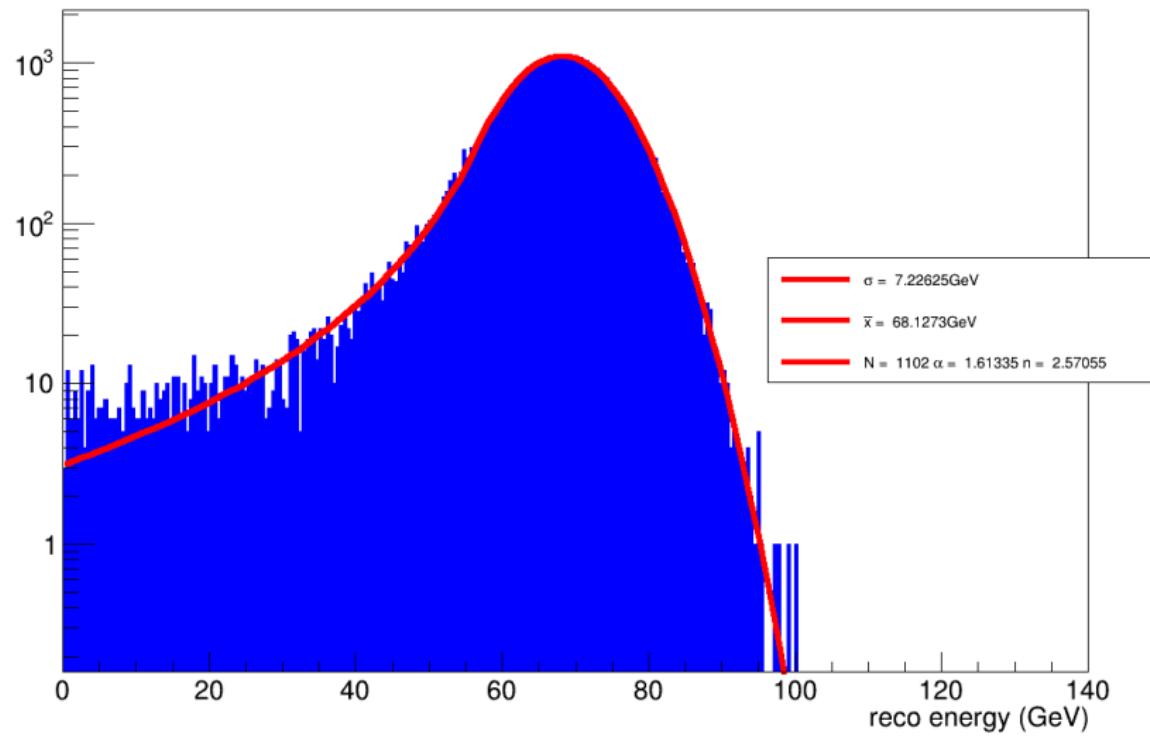
$$D = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(1 + \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{|\alpha|}{\sqrt{2}}\right)\right).$$

EXT PARAMETER		STATUS=CONVERGED		184 CALLS	185 TOTAL		
NO.	NAME	VALUE	ERROR	1	ERROR MATRIX UNCERTAINTY	0.3 per cent	
1	N	2.00731e+03	9.14867e+00	-2.32131e-02	2.47481e-05		
2	mean	5.83022e+01	2.70121e-02	2.65898e-05	-4.92050e-03		
3	sigma	6.59899e+00	2.21181e-02	1.22279e-04	1.43070e-02		
4	alpha	1.80238e+00	2.83231e-02	7.01543e-05	-6.05402e-03		
5	n	1.97606e+00	1.01879e-01	-9.94635e-05	1.27298e-03		
60	GeV	thismax2.1e+03	mean=58	sigma=6.6	error=11%		

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crystal\\_Ball\\_function](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crystal_Ball_function)

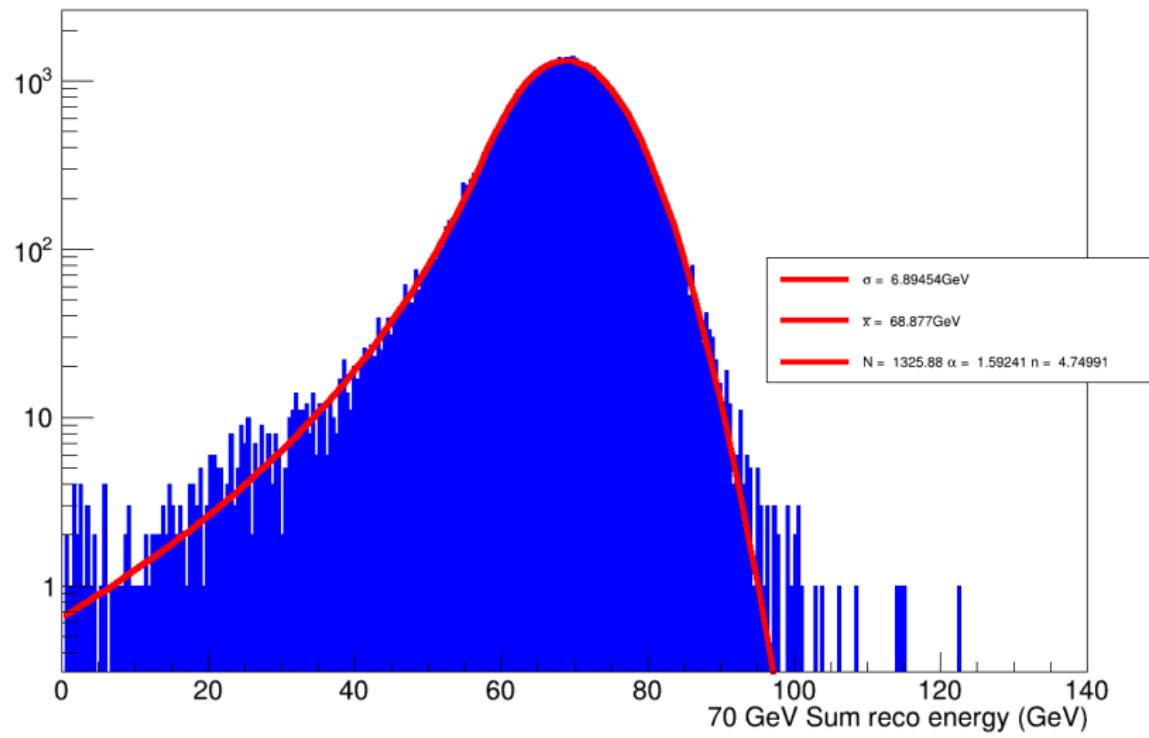
# Crystalball fit, $K_L^0$ p=70 GeV, closest $\Delta R$ match, o2

K0long 70 GeV



# Crystalball fit, $K_L^0$ p=70 GeV, sum energy, o2

70 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)



**links with all results, please explore yourself:**

http:

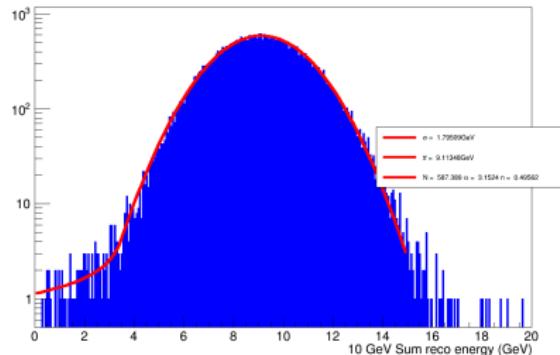
//wwwae.ciemat.es/~carrillo/calice/indexk0o1.html

http:

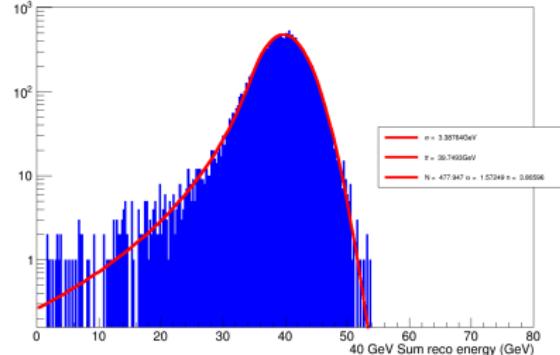
//wwwae.ciemat.es/~carrillo/calice/indexk0o2.html

# Crystalball fit, $K_L^0$ , o1 sum reco energy

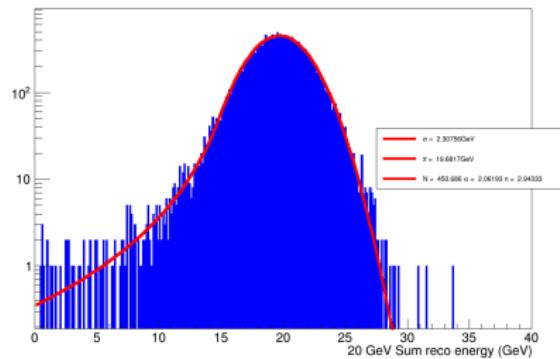
10 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)



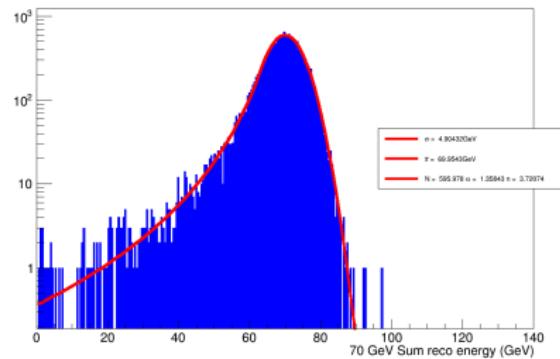
40 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)



20 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)

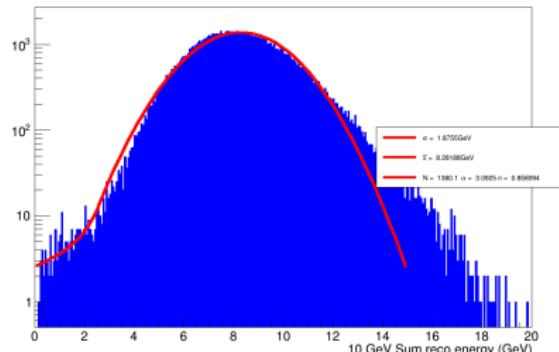


70 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)

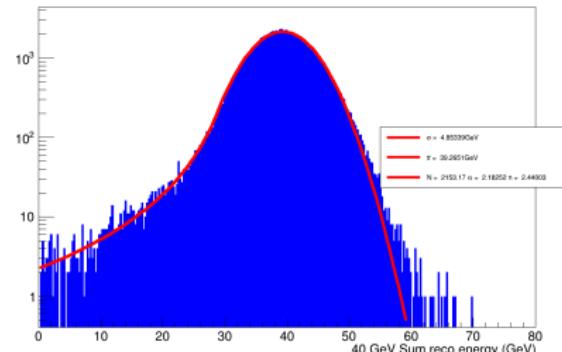


# Crystalball fit, $K_L^0$ , o2 sum reco energy

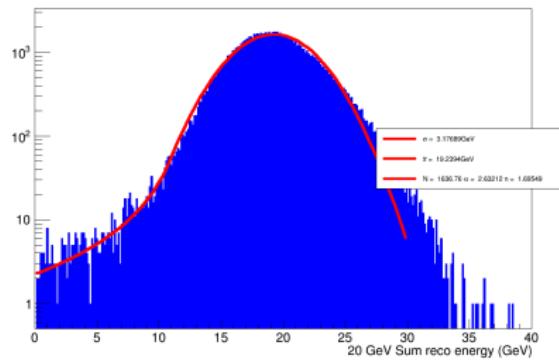
10 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)



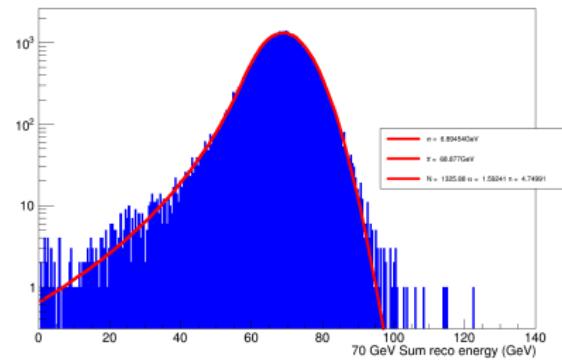
40 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)



20 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)



70 GeV Sum reco energy(GeV)



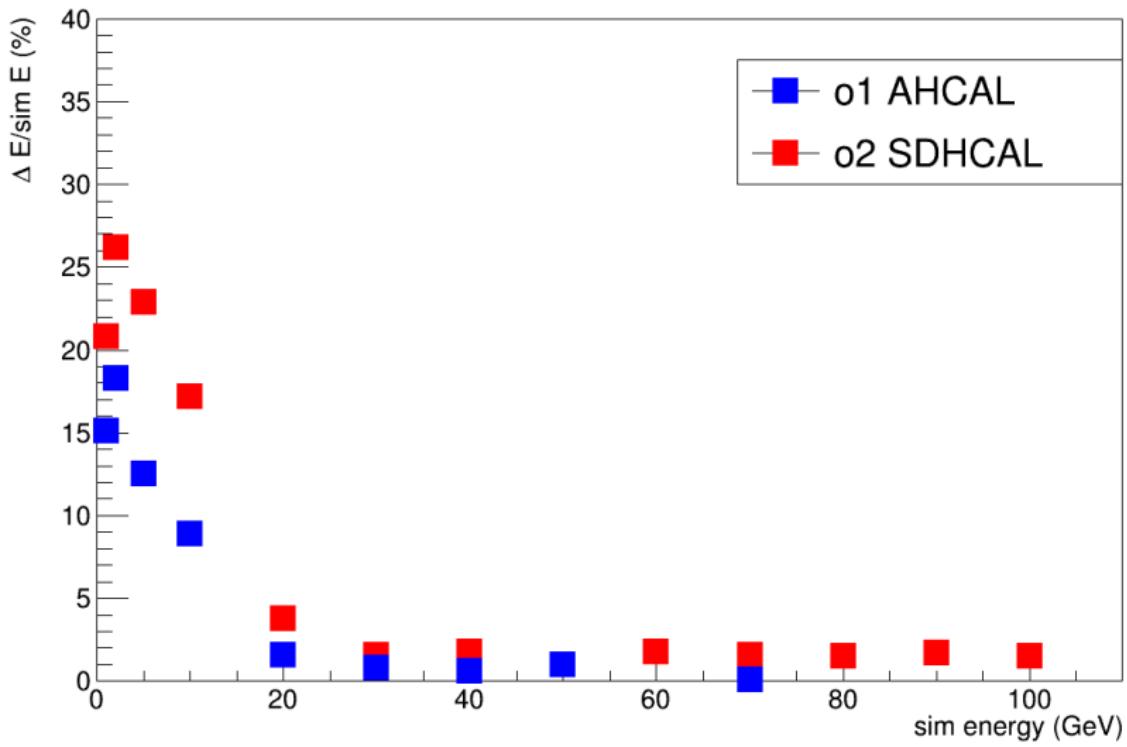
# resolution and discrepancy for o1 and o2, fit results

sim p (GeV)	mean (GeV)	sigma (GeV)	resolution (%)	discrepancy(%)
<b>o1</b>				
1	0.85	0.34	39.6%	15.1%
2	1.64	0.61	37.2%	18.3%
5	4.37	1.19	27.3%	12.5%
10	9.11	1.80	19.7%	8.9%
20	19.68	2.31	11.7%	1.6%
30	29.75	2.91	9.8%	0.8%
40	39.75	3.39	8.5%	0.6%
50	49.50	3.94	7.9%	1.0%
70	69.95	4.90	7.0%	0.1%
<b>o2</b>				
1	0.79	0.31	38.6%	20.8%
2	1.48	0.56	38.2%	26.2%
5	3.86	1.14	29.6%	22.9%
10	8.28	1.88	22.7%	17.2%
20	19.24	3.18	16.5%	3.8%
30	29.51	4.11	13.9%	1.6%
40	39.27	4.85	12.4%	1.8%
60	58.95	6.27	10.6%	1.8%
70	68.88	6.90	10.0%	1.6%
80	78.77	7.62	9.7%	1.5%
90	88.45	8.40	9.5%	1.7%
100	98.50	8.91	9.0%	1.5%

$$\text{resolution} = \frac{\text{sigma}}{\text{mean}}, \text{discrepancy} = \frac{\text{sim p} - \text{mean}}{\text{sim p}}$$

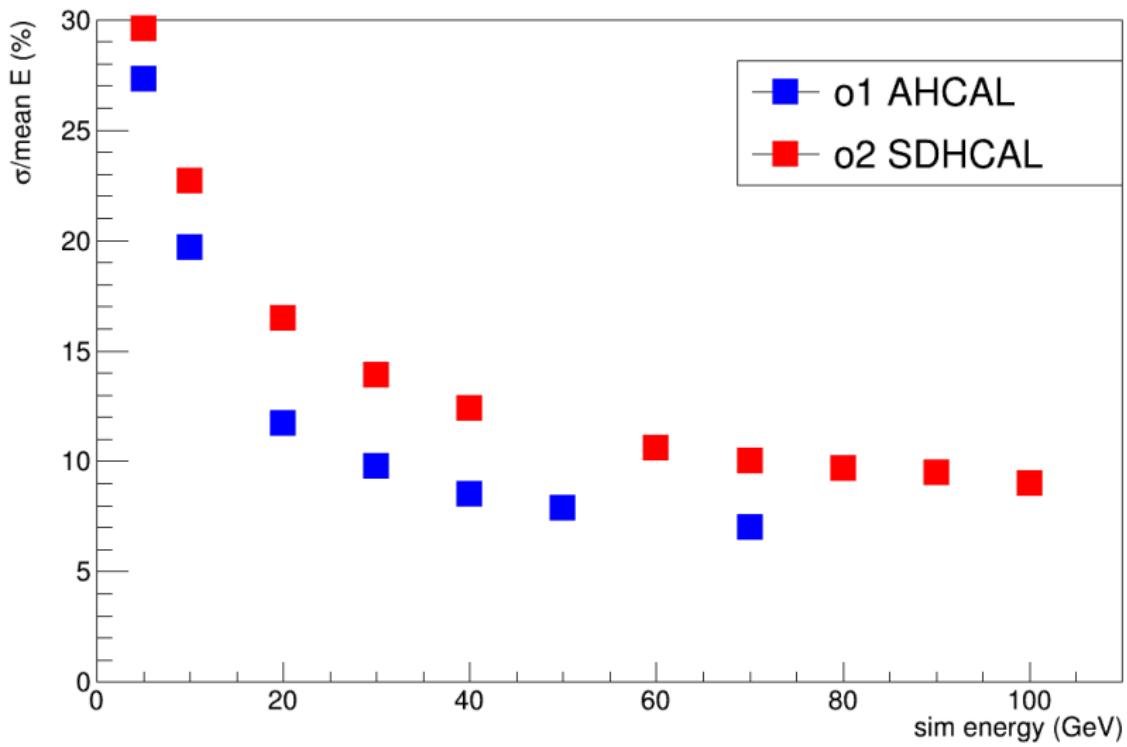
# Comparison for the two scenarios, discrepancy.

energy discrepancy

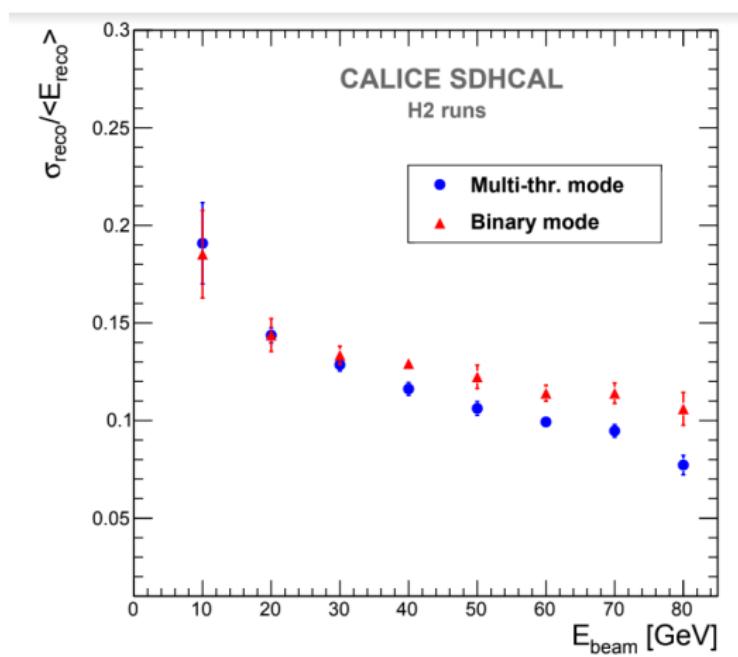


# Comparison for the two scenarios, resolution.

energy resolution



# Only SDHCAL resolution observed in test-beams $K_L^0$



CALICE collaboration, First results of the CALICE SDHCAL technological prototype, JINST **11** (2016) P04001.

# Conclusions

- Observed reconstructed  $p$  for the  $K_L^0$  samples in **ilcsoft v02-01** test samples behave as expected with SDHCAL  $\rightarrow$  ILD-l5-**o2**-v02.
- Studies with muon samples still to be done.
- Next steps:
  - extra variables to check the SDHCAL calibration are under scrutiny.
  - study the SDHCAL local reconstructed objects (cluster performance).
- key point about SDHCAL in ilcsoft<sup>2</sup>:
  - Geant4 physics model used in ilcsoft is QGSP-Bert which is not ideal to simulate SDHCAL.
  - FTF-BIC is the more appropriate for SDHCAL.

<sup>2</sup><https://geant4.web.cern.ch/node/155>

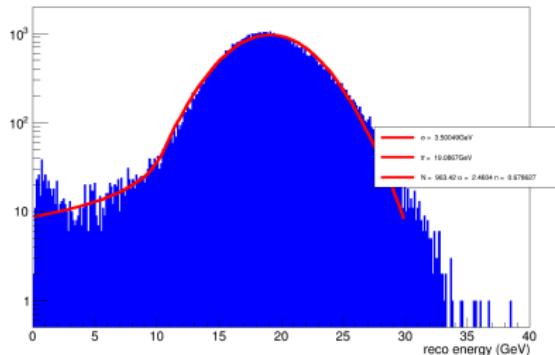
# Backup

# Backup

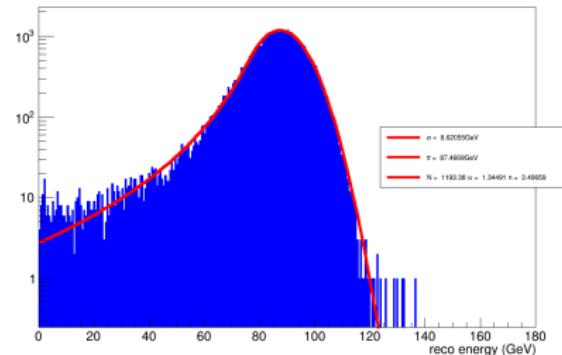


# Crystalball fit, $K_L^0$ , o2

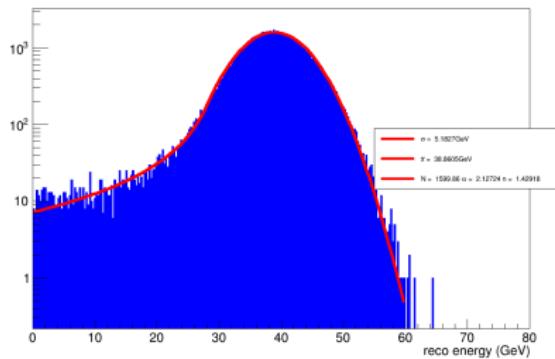
K0long 20 GeV



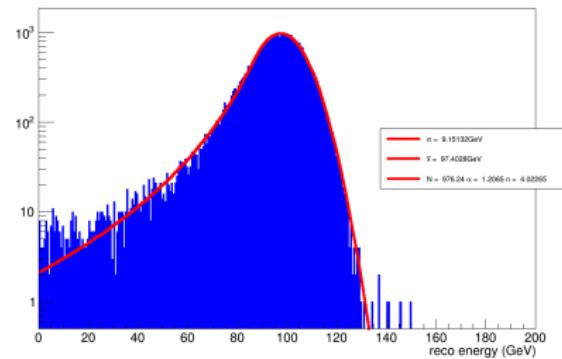
K0long 90 GeV



K0long 40 GeV



K0long 100 GeV

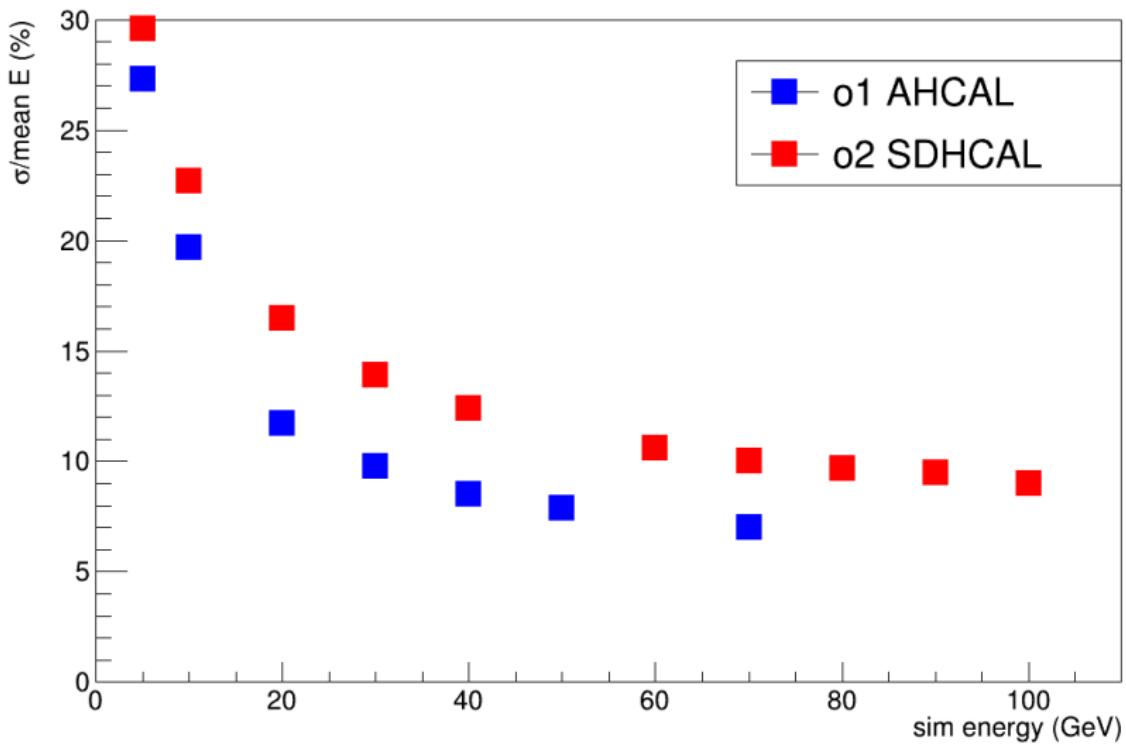


# Summary, $K_L^0$ , o2

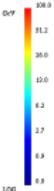
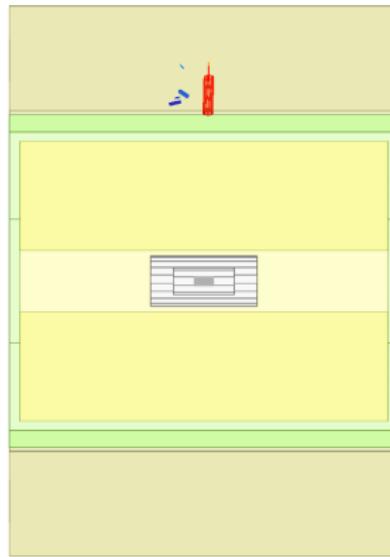
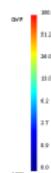
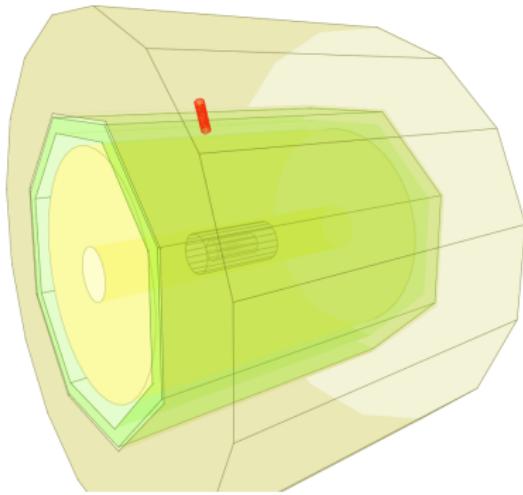
sim energy (GeV)	CB $\bar{x}$ (GeV)	CB $\sigma$ (GeV)	$\frac{\sigma}{E}$ (%)
1	0.79	0.3	30
2	1.4	0.53	26
5	3.5	1.2	25
10	7.8	2.1	21
20	19	3.5	18
30	29	4.4	15
40	39	5.2	13
60	58	6.6	11
70	68	7.2	10
80	78	7.9	9.8
90	87	8.6	9.6
100	97	9.2	9.2

# Summary Resolution, $K_L^0$

energy resolution



# First look at the datasets for the SDHCAL validation, event display $K_L^0$ 110 GeV, energy deposit in SDHCAL

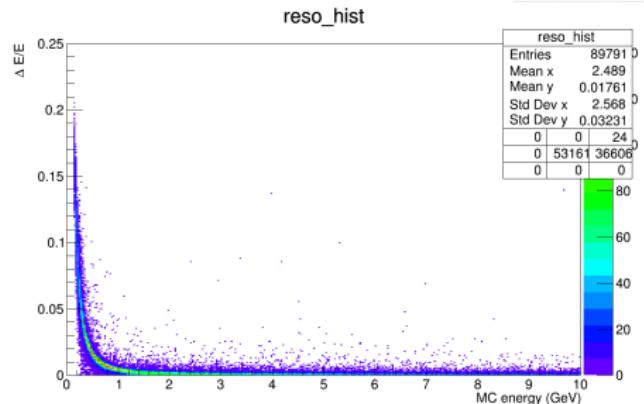
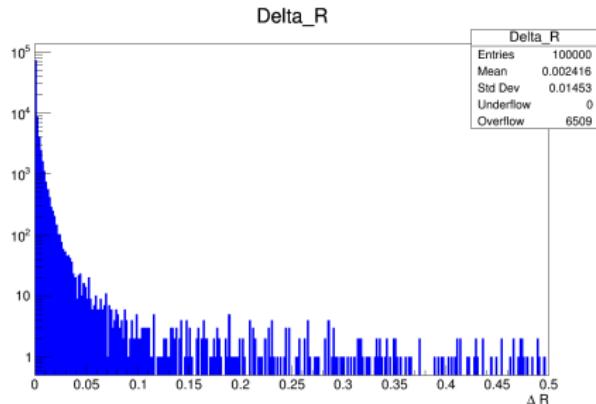
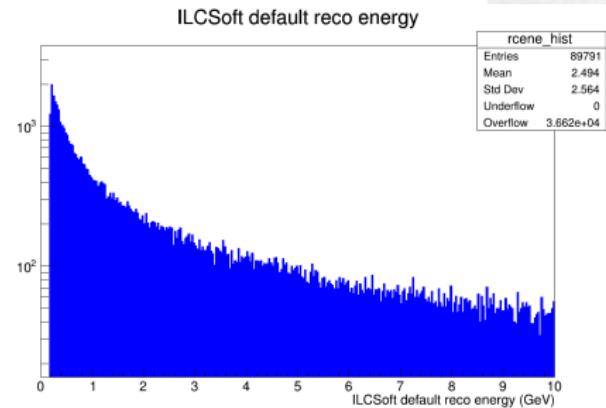
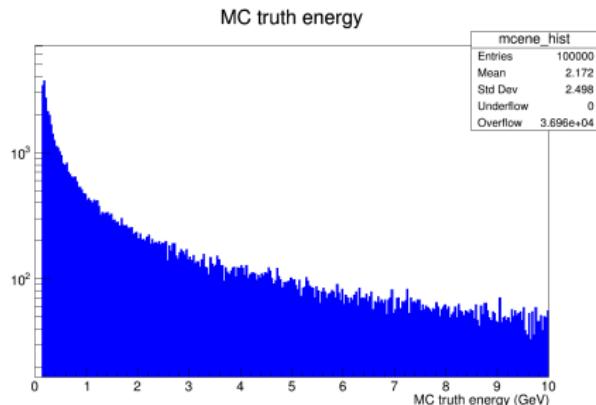


# List of variables available in the standard LCTuple

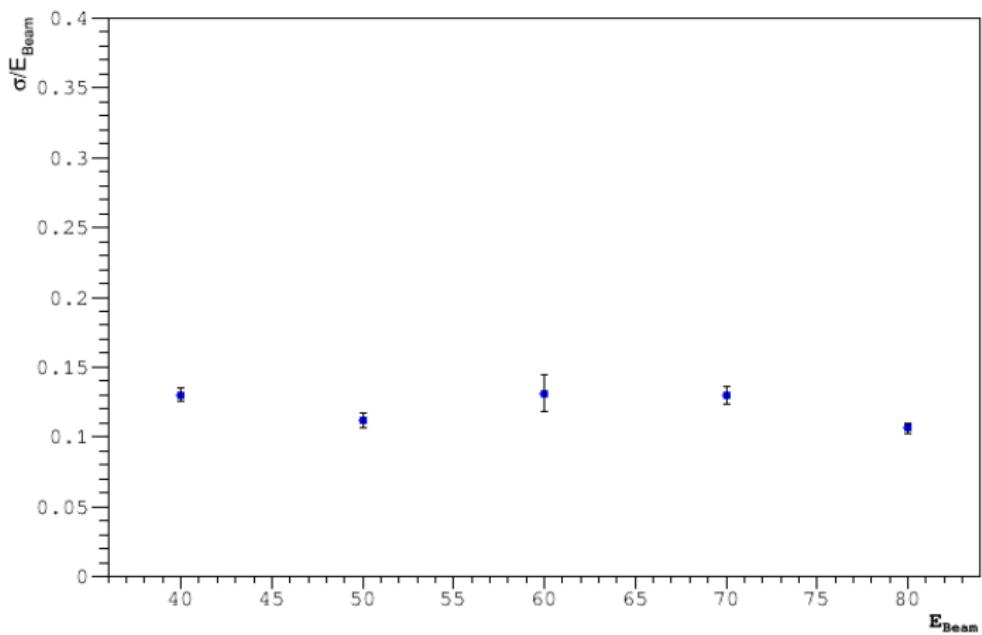
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// Declaration of leaf types
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Float_t      evsig;
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Float_t      evpos;
Float_t      evtyp;
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Int_t        ncipy[807]; // (nmcp)
Int_t        nmcg[807]; // (nmcp)
Int_t        ncst[807]; // (nmcp)
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Float_t      ncovy[807]; // (nmcp)
Float_t      ncvtz[807]; // (nmcp)
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```

# SDHCAL validation, $\mu$ sample



# SDHCAL validation, TB2018



# The tools we have learned.

In the framework of the SDHCAL test-beams data analysis we have learned:

- How to work in the ILCSoft analysis framework. (Installed in CIEMAT running in dedicated nodes)
- Run from scratch a simulation using the standard sequences in the framework and switching from one scenario to another (large → small), (AHCAL → SDHCAL), etc.
- Navigate and run over the centrally produced datasets (DIRAC)
- Produce ntuples out of the samples for detector/physics analysis. (AIDA,REC,SIM)
- Use reconstructed physics objects and produce event cut flows for analysis.
- Event display, etc.

# The tools we have learned

Private CIEMAT-SDHCAL pion gun simulation for comparison with TB-2018.

