

D5.7. Report on reactor and shielding C/E validation and nuclear data trends

Linked to WP5/T5.2/ST5.2.2 – C/E validation and trends

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Proposed structure for D5.7



1. Introduction
2. Methodologies for Nuclear Data Validation
3. Fast Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends
4. Thermal Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends
 - 4.1. Reactor benchmarks
 - 4.2. Commercial LWR
5. Shielding benchmarks C/E validation and nuclear data trends
6. Conclusions
7. References

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1. Introduction



- Objective: C/E validation to contribute to the improvement of JEFF nuclear data files
- JEFF-based C/E biases are analyzed to identify needs for nuclear data improvement

1. Reactor physics experiments:
 1. IRPhE
 2. Partner's own databases: CEA/DES - LWR
 3. Other legacy experiments: SEFOR, Almaraz NPP (IAEA)
2. Shielding benchmarks: SINBAD

Experiments from different facilities, neutron spectra, and integral quantities of interest

2. Methodologies for ND validation



- Different validation strategies applied, all of them based on calculating C/E
- But differing in how they use C/E ratios to assess the quality of the library and identify needs for ND improvement

Mean bias or weighted mean bias

- Different metrics applied

Perturbation analysis

- Impact of ND perturbations with respect to data from other libraries

Trending analysis

- Comparisons with trending parameters

Bayesian-based analysis

- GLLS method

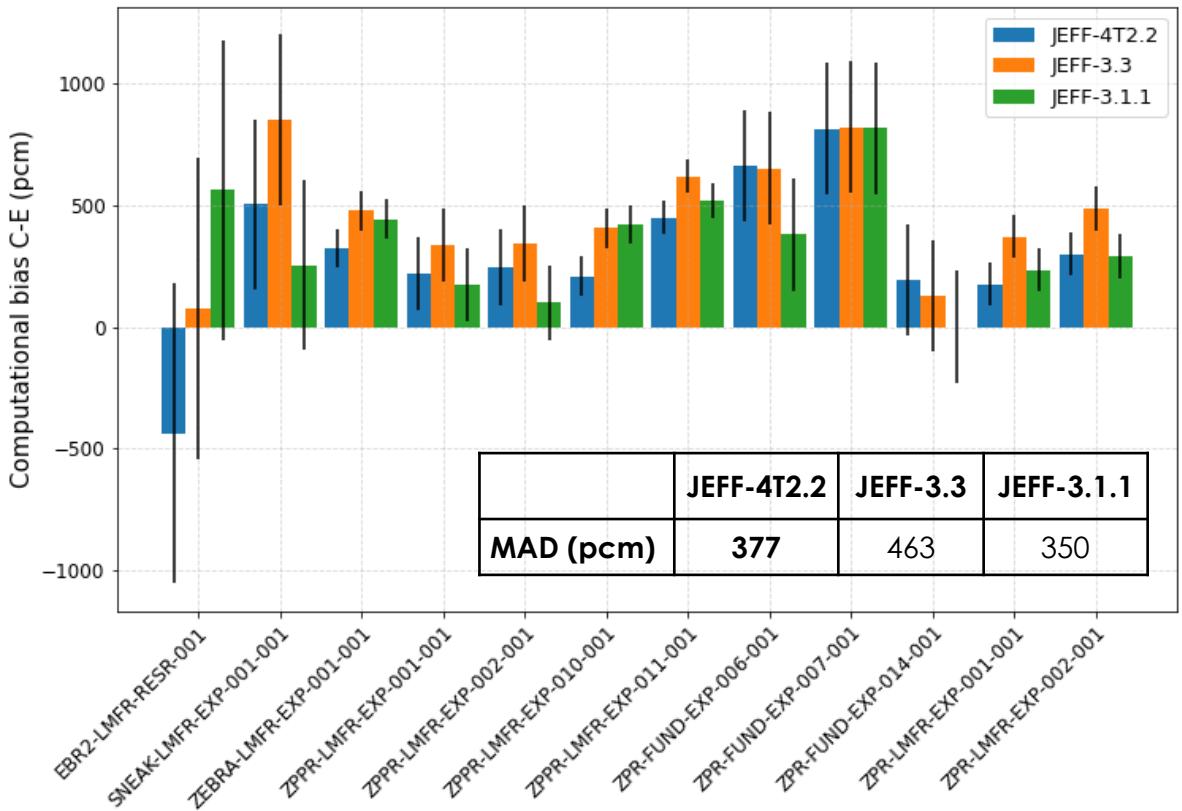
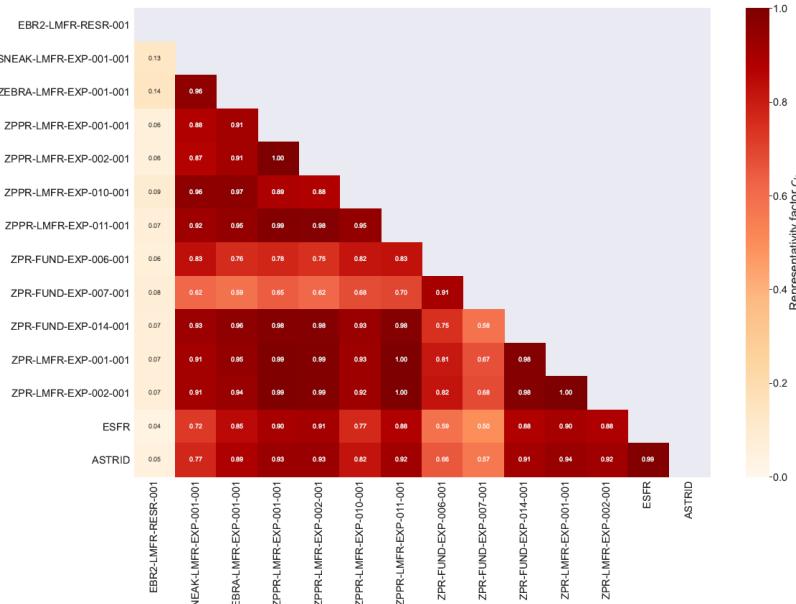
3. Fast Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends



Reactor physics benchmarks useful for ND validation (of SFR) have been identified and C/E assessed (UPM)

Multiplication factor: set of experiments from IRPhE (12 experiments) with a high similarity to SFR

Benchmark identifier in IRPhEP	Fuel/Other	Experimental facility	Institution
EBR2-LMFR-RESR-001	UO ₂ /Sodium	EBR-II	ANL, USA
SNEAK-LMFR-EXP-001	MOX/Sodium	SNEAK 7A	KFK, Germany
ZEBRA-LMFR-EXP-001	Pu metal-UO ₂ /Sodium	ZEBRA 22	AEEW, UK
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-001	MOX/Sodium	ZPPR-10A	ANL, USA
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-002	MOX/Sodium	ZPPR-9	ANL, USA
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-010	MOX/Sodium	ZPPR-12	ANL, USA
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-011	MOX/Sodium	ZPPR-2	ANL, USA
ZPR-FUND-EXP-006	Pu-U alloys/Graphite	ZPR-3/53	ANL, USA
ZPR-FUND-EXP-007	Pu-U alloys/Graphite	ZPR-3/54	ANL, USA
ZPR-FUND-EXP-014	Pu-U carbide/Sodium	ZPR-9/31	ANL, USA
ZPR-LMFR-EXP-001	MOX/Sodium	ZPR-6/7	ANL, USA
ZPR-LMFR-EXP-002	MOX/Sodium	ZPR-6/7	ANL, USA



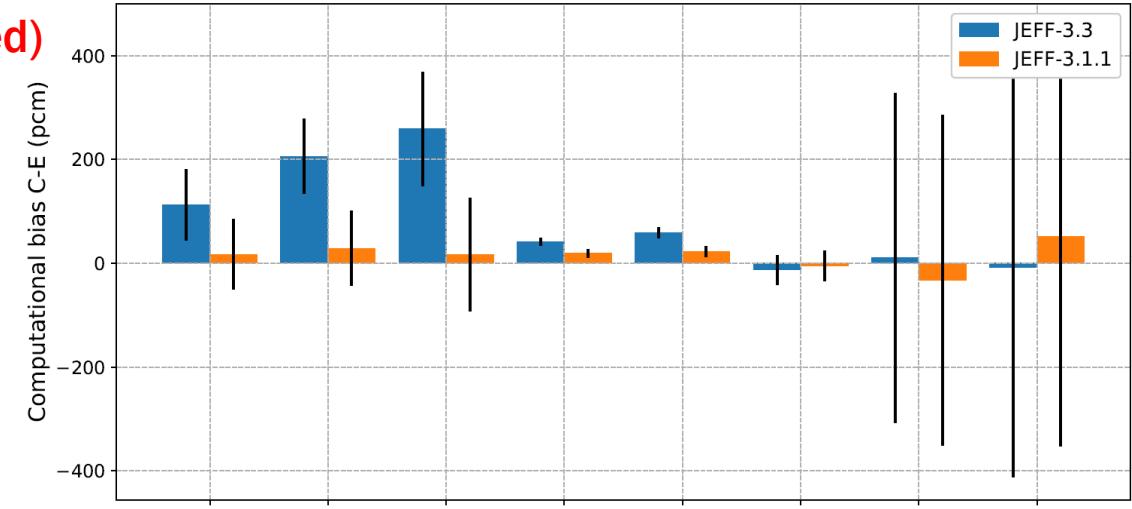
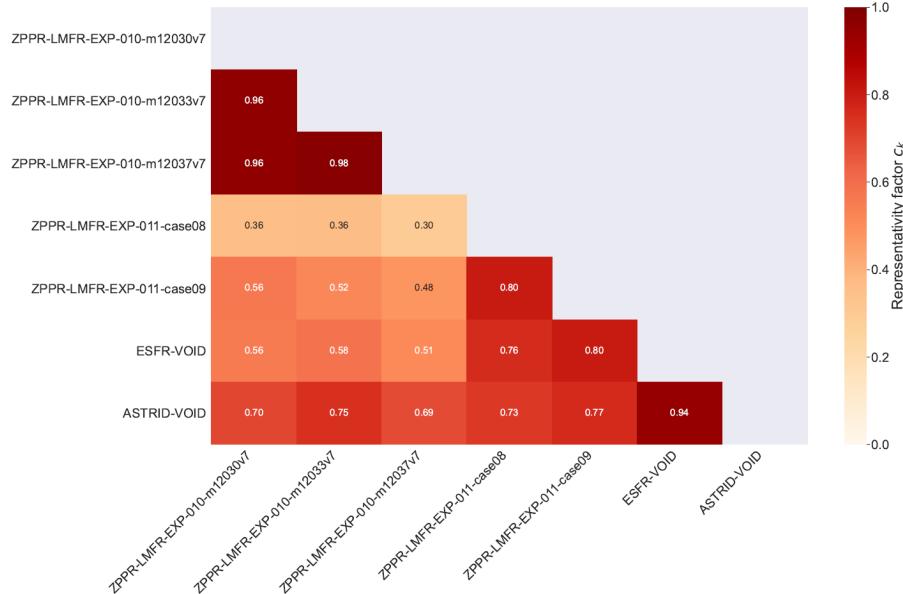
Perturbation with NDaST and GLLS for biases analysis

3. Fast Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends

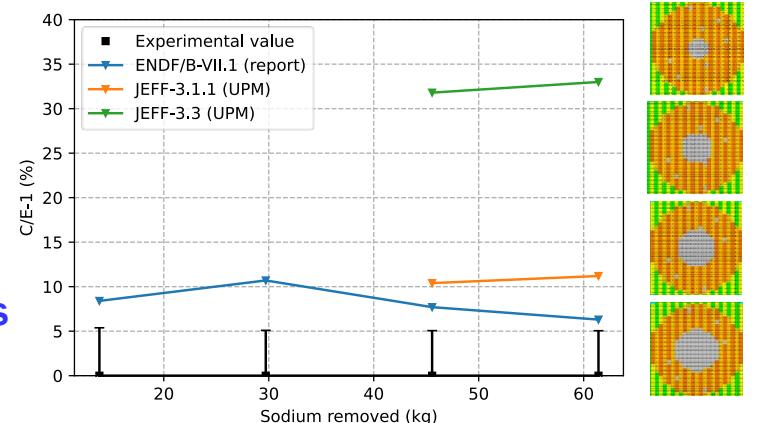


Sodium void reactivity effect: IRPhE (5 experiments selected)

Benchmark identifier	Experimental facility	Core Loading
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-010-m12030	ZPPR-12	Loading 30
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-010-m12033	ZPPR-12	Loading 33
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-010-m12037	ZPPR-12	Loading 37
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-011-case08	ZPPR-2	Loading 184
ZPPR-LMFR-EXP-011-case09	ZPPR-2	Loading 185



Trending analysis
for ZPPR-2

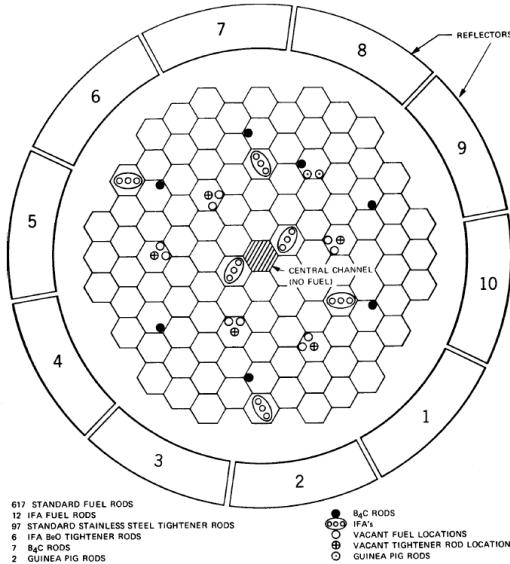


3. Fast Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends

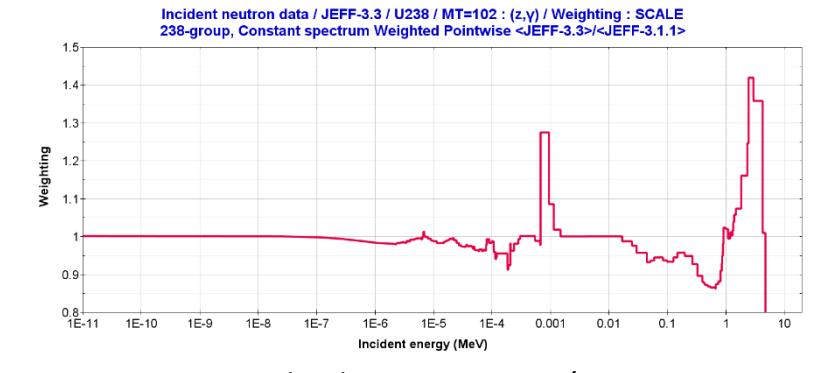
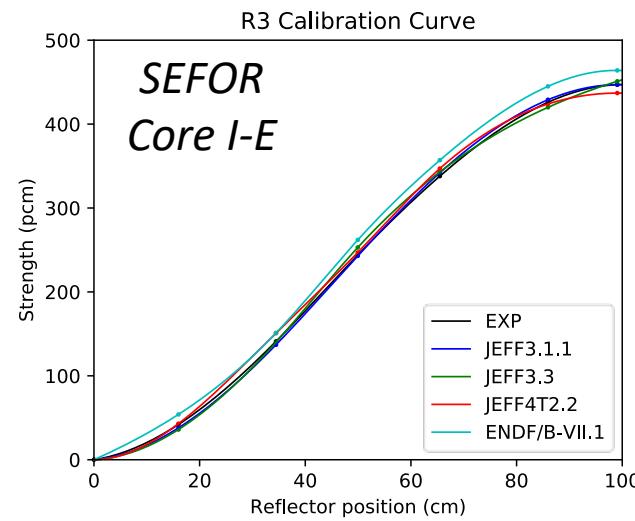
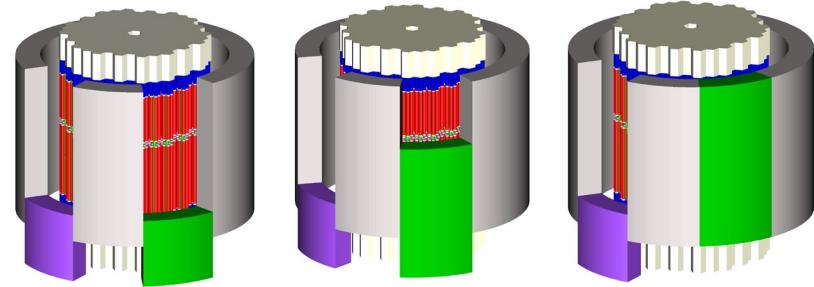


Doppler reactivity effect: lack of experiments in IRPhE; **SEFOR experiments from SFR-UAM**

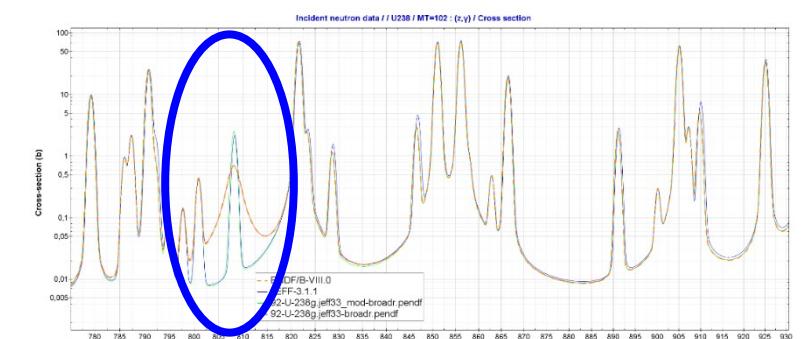
Reflector worth: potential of SEFOR calibration curves for ND validation of ^{239}Pu , ^{56}Fe , ^{58}Ni



SEFOR Core II	Calculated at UPM SCALE-6.2.3 (R-Z model)		
	JEFF-3.1.1	JEFF-3.3	Corrected JEFF-3.3
Doppler constant	-676.6	-708.9	-688.7
Core II C/E	1.010	1.058	1.028



U-238 (n,γ) ratio JEFF-3.3/JEFF-3.1.1



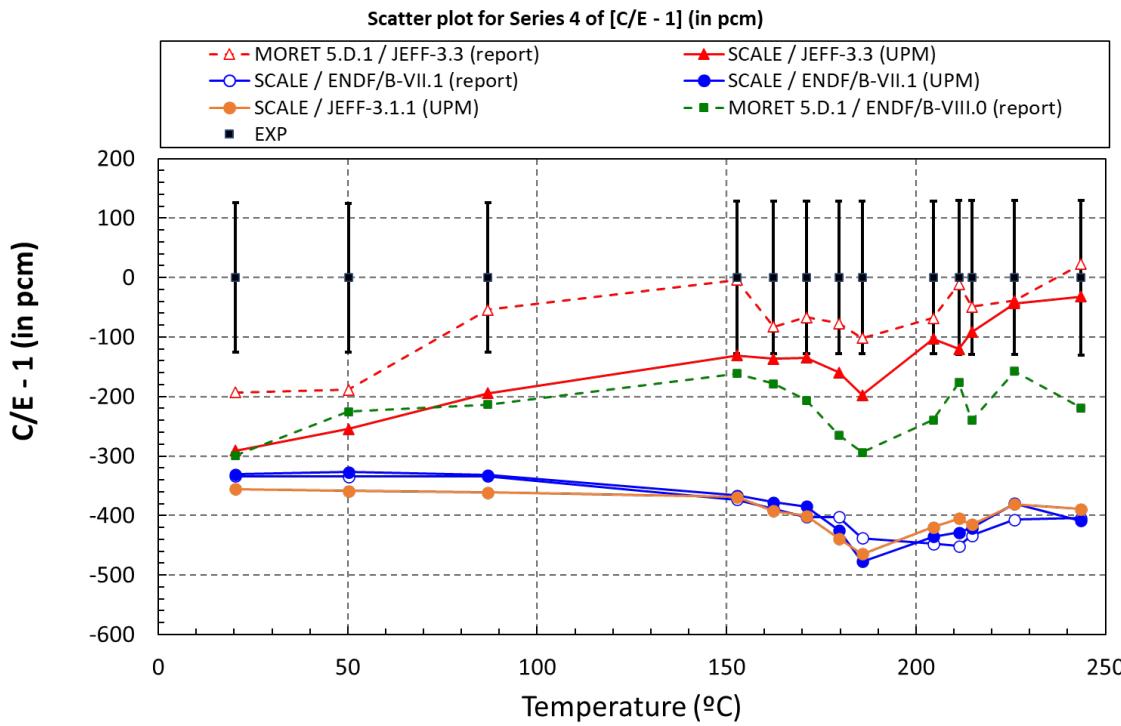
This allowed to identify a typo for the 808 eV p-wave Γ_γ parameter

4. Thermal Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends



4.1 Thermal Reactor Physics benchmarks from IRPHE

- UPM analyzed C/E in KRITZ benchmarks (LWR lattices at KRITZ reactor in Studsvik) and trends with T^a



JEFF-3.3, the trend with temperature becomes stronger

Perturbation analysis using NDaST showed biases probably due to $^{235}\text{U}(\text{n},\text{fission}) \sim 0.01 \text{ eV} - 1 \text{ eV}$

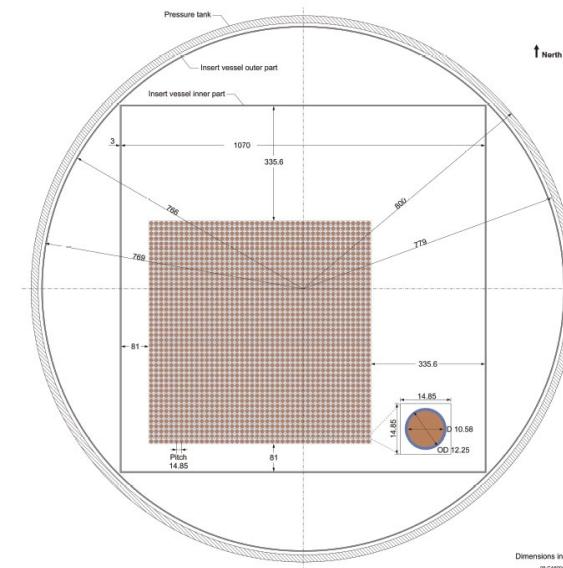


Figure 1.5 Schematic Top View of the Core.

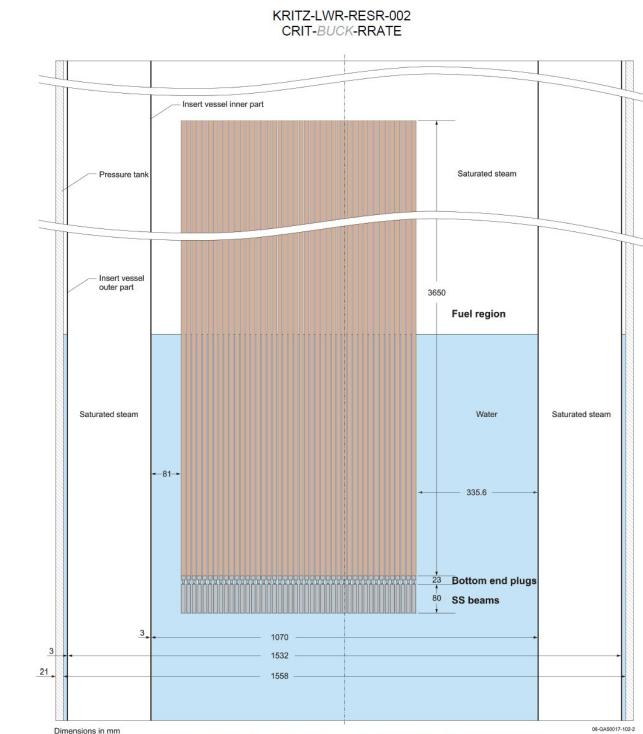


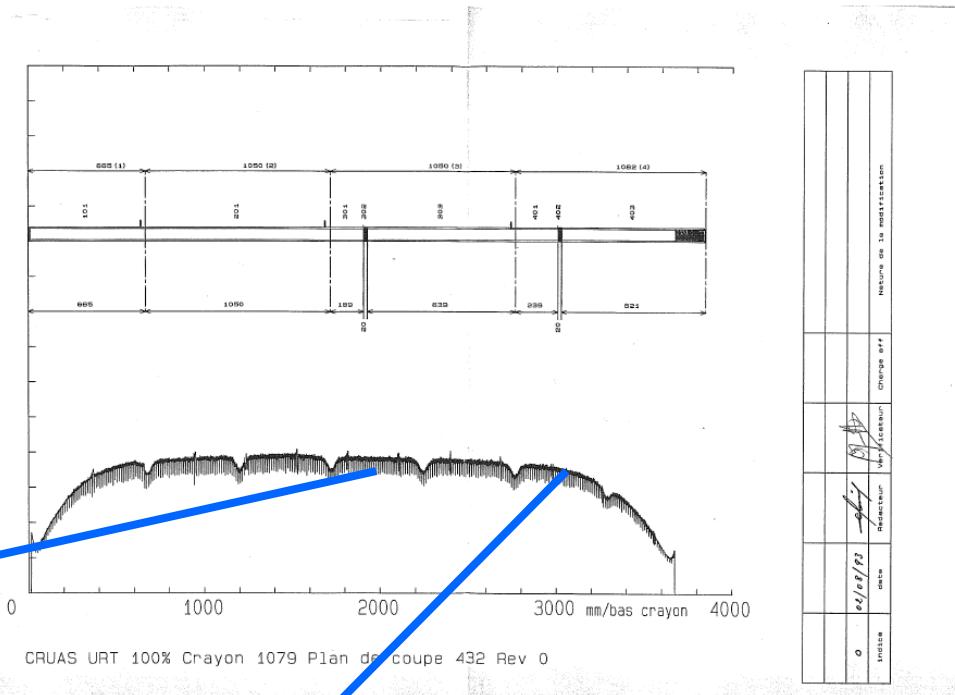
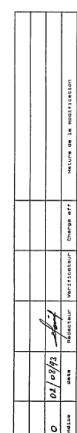
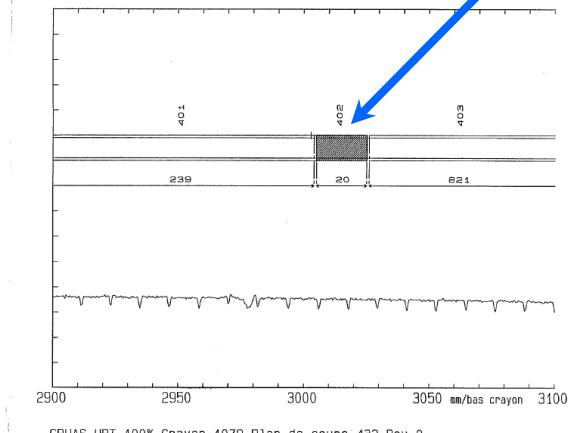
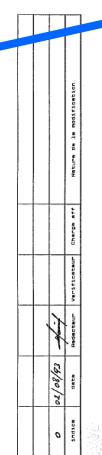
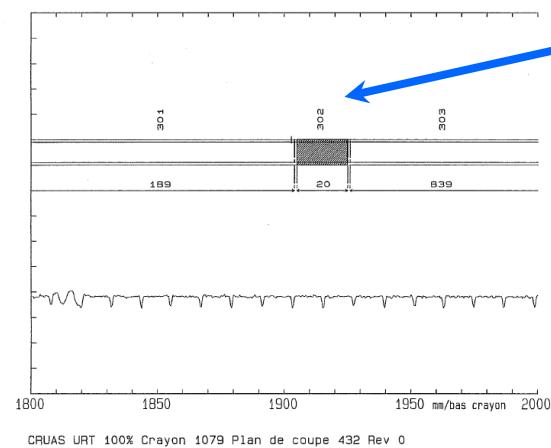
Figure 1.6. Schematic Side View of the Core.

Ref.: Kodeli et al. Analysis of the KRITZ Critical Benchmark Experiments, NENE2009

4. Thermal Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends

4.2 Commercial LWR applications (CEA/DES)

- CEA/DES analyzed C/E fuel isotopic results of Post-Irradiation Experiments of PWR-UO₂ pins as a function of burnup
- APOLLO2 perturbation analyses to show modifications in isotopic content induced by different JEFF-x libraries



4. Thermal Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends

	Cycle 1	Cycle 2	Cycle 3
REL2005	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]
$^{234}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	1.0 ± 0.3	1.2 ± 0.4	1.4 ± 0.5
$^{235}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.3 ± 0.4	1.3 ± 0.7	1.6 ± 1.3
$^{236}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.0 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.2	0.3 ± 0.2
$^{237}\text{Np}/^{238}\text{U}$	-7.7 ± 2.9	-3.3 ± 2.9	-2.0 ± 2.0
$^{238}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-5.6 ± 1.9	-4.0 ± 2.0	-3.4 ± 1.8
$^{239}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.6 ± 0.7	0.7 ± 0.9	2.2 ± 1.2
$^{240}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-1.3 ± 1.2	0.3 ± 0.9	0.5 ± 0.7
$^{241}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-2.5 ± 2.1	-1.6 ± 1.4	0.0 ± 2.0
$^{242}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-2.5 ± 3.3	-0.8 ± 2.1	-0.2 ± 1.6
$^{241}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	-0.1 ± 3.2
$^{241}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U EOC}$			± 5.4
$^{242m}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$		8.9 ± 7.0	
$^{243}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$		-0.1 ± 4.1	
$^{243}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$		-5.0 ± 15.0	
$^{244}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	1.0 ± 5.6
$^{245}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	3.5 ± 7.5
$^{246}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	-15.2 ± 8.2
$^{247}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	1.8 ± 29.7
$^{143}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.8 ± 0.6	-0.6 ± 0.6	-0.5 ± 0.5
$^{144}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-1.3 ± 0.8	-1.5 ± 0.8	-1.6 ± 0.9
$^{145}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.0 ± 0.7	-0.1 ± 0.7	-0.5 ± 0.6
$^{146}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.3 ± 0.8	-0.4 ± 0.8	-0.1 ± 0.8
$^{148}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.5 ± 0.8	0.5 ± 0.7	0.6 ± 0.8
$^{150}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.4 ± 0.9	-0.1 ± 0.8	0.0 ± 0.8
$\Sigma^i \text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.0 ± 1.0	0.0 ± 1.0	0.0 ± 1.0
BU Cray. [GWjj/t]]	13.6	22.0	35.2

JEFF-3.1.1

REL2005	Cycle 1	Cycle 2	Cycle 3
	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]
$^{234}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	1.1 ± 0.3	1.4 ± 0.4	1.7 ± 0.5
$^{235}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.2 ± 0.4	0.1 ± 0.7	-1.0 ± 1.3
$^{236}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.1 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.2
$^{237}\text{Np}/^{238}\text{U}$	-6.5 ± 2.9	-2.4 ± 2.9	-0.7 ± 2.0
$^{238}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-3.6 ± 1.9	-0.3 ± 2.0	3.7 ± 1.8
$^{239}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.5 ± 0.7	-0.5 ± 0.9	0.5 ± 1.2
$^{240}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.5 ± 1.2	0.6 ± 0.9	1.1 ± 0.7
$^{241}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-2.1 ± 2.1	-1.5 ± 1.4	0.0 ± 2.0
$^{242}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-2.6 ± 3.3	-0.8 ± 2.1	0.6 ± 1.6
$^{241}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	-1.2 ± 3.2
$^{241}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U EOC}$			± 5.4
$^{242m}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$		11.9 ± 7.0	
$^{243}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$		-2.6 ± 4.1	
$^{243}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$		24.6 ± 15.0	
$^{244}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	11.8 ± 5.6
$^{245}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	25.3 ± 7.5
$^{246}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	-1.3 ± 8.2
$^{247}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	11.5 ± 29.7
$^{143}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.1 ± 0.6	0.1 ± 0.6	0.2 ± 0.5
$^{144}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-1.2 ± 0.8	-1.6 ± 0.8	-1.9 ± 0.9
$^{145}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.3 ± 0.7	0.0 ± 0.7	-0.7 ± 0.6
$^{146}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.6 ± 0.8	0.7 ± 0.8	1.1 ± 0.8
$^{148}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	1.5 ± 0.8	1.5 ± 0.7	1.6 ± 0.8
$^{150}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.1 ± 0.9	0.0 ± 0.8	0.1 ± 0.8
$\Sigma^i \text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.7 ± 1.0	0.6 ± 1.0	0.6 ± 1.0
BU Cray. [GWjj/t]]	13.6	22.0	35.2

JEFF-3.3

REL2005	Cycle 1	Cycle 2	Cycle 3
	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]	(C/E-1) ± ΔE/E [%]
$^{234}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	1.1 ± 0.3	1.4 ± 0.4	1.6 ± 0.5
$^{235}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.2 ± 0.4	0.1 ± 0.7	-0.9 ± 1.3
$^{236}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.1 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.2	0.4 ± 0.2
$^{237}\text{Np}/^{238}\text{U}$	-6.7 ± 2.9	-2.7 ± 2.9	-1.1 ± 2.0
$^{238}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-6.2 ± 1.9	-4.5 ± 2.0	-3.4 ± 1.8
$^{239}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.7 ± 0.7	0.0 ± 0.9	1.3 ± 1.2
$^{240}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-2.2 ± 1.2	-1.3 ± 0.9	-0.9 ± 0.7
$^{241}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-2.5 ± 2.1	-1.8 ± 1.4	0.0 ± 2.0
$^{242}\text{Pu}/^{238}\text{U}$	-3.7 ± 3.3	-2.0 ± 2.1	-0.9 ± 1.6
$^{241}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	-1.1 ± 3.2
$^{241}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U EOC}$			± 5.4
$^{242m}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$			12.3 ± 7.0
$^{243}\text{Am}/^{238}\text{U}$			-0.4 ± 4.1
$^{243}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$			23.4 ± 15.0
$^{244}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	14.2 ± 5.6
$^{245}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	28.0 ± 7.5
$^{246}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	0.5 ± 8.2
$^{247}\text{Cm}/^{238}\text{U}$	•	•	13.5 ± 29.7
$^{143}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.1 ± 0.6	0.1 ± 0.6	0.3 ± 0.5
$^{144}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-1.1 ± 0.8	-1.6 ± 0.8	-1.8 ± 0.9
$^{145}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.5 ± 0.7	0.4 ± 0.7	0.0 ± 0.6
$^{146}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.3 ± 0.8	0.2 ± 0.8	0.3 ± 0.8
$^{148}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	1.0 ± 0.8	0.9 ± 0.7	1.0 ± 0.8
$^{150}\text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	-0.1 ± 0.9	0.1 ± 0.8	0.2 ± 0.8
$\Sigma^i \text{Nd}/^{238}\text{U}$	0.5 ± 1.0	0.4 ± 1.0	0.4 ± 1.0
BU Cray. [GWjj/t]]	13.6	22.0	35.2

JEFF-4.0t0

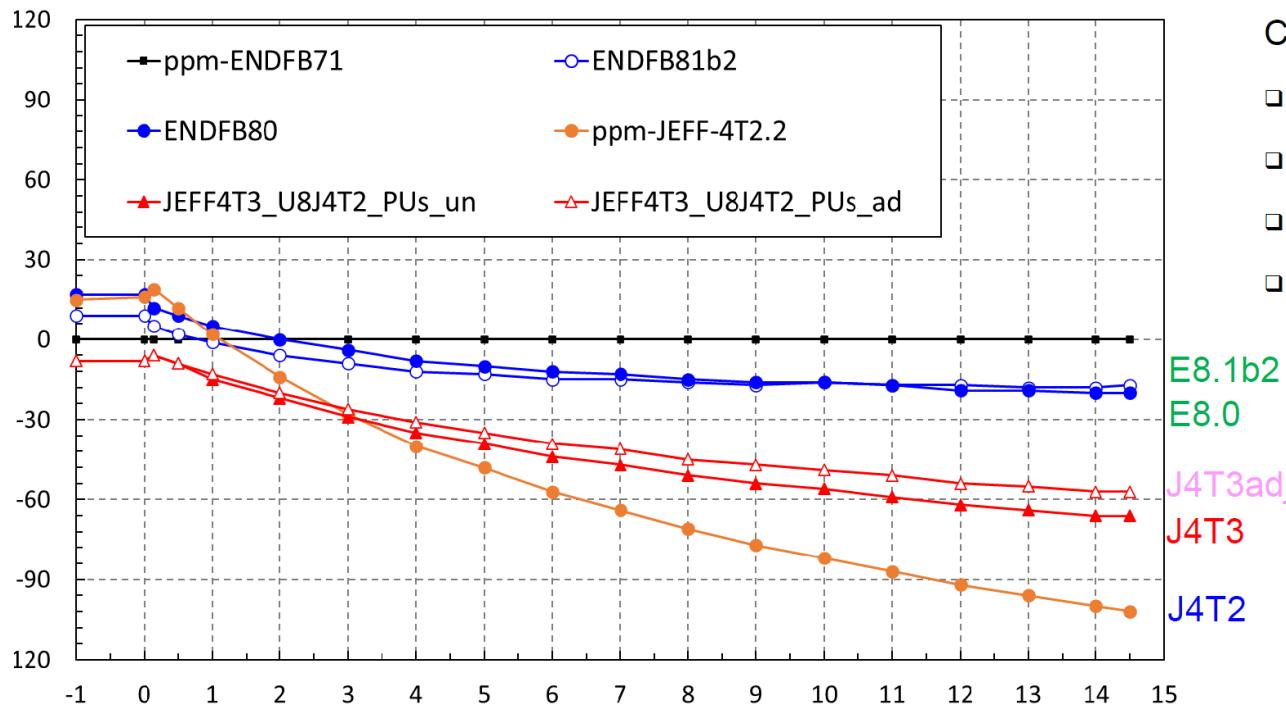
While C/E results are consistent with experimental uncertainties, they show different trends with burnup, suggesting that some cross sections should be revised: ^{236}U and ^{239}Pu radiative capture and ^{238}Pu production

4. Thermal Reactors C/E validation and nuclear data trends

4.3 Commercial LWR applications (UPM)

- UPM analyzed C/E for PWR Critical Boron Letdown Curve
Almaraz II NPP – Cycle I (IAEA-TECDOC-815, 1995)

Modification Boron Let down (in ppm) - PWR Almaraz Cycle I



Nuclear Data:

Reference: ENDF/B-VII.1

Case JEFF-4T3_U8J4T2

- XS/JEFF-4T3 + U8/JEFF-4T2
- TSL /JEFF-4T3
- DD/JEFF-3.3
- FY_U5_PU9/JEFF-4/CON

E8.1b2
E8.0
J4T3adj
J4T3
J4T2

Full core simulations expensive to be used in ND validation

Many compensating effects, no clean benchmarks

But able to identify general trends due to ND

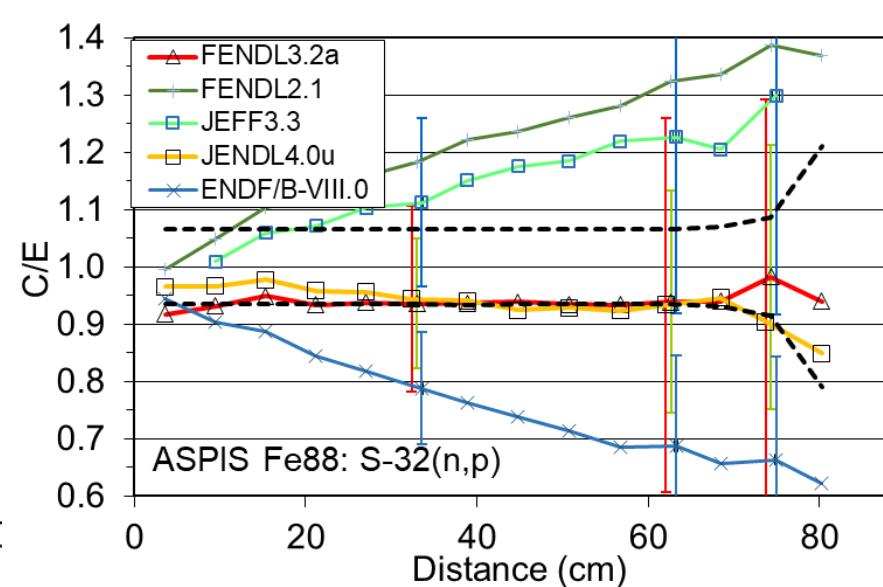
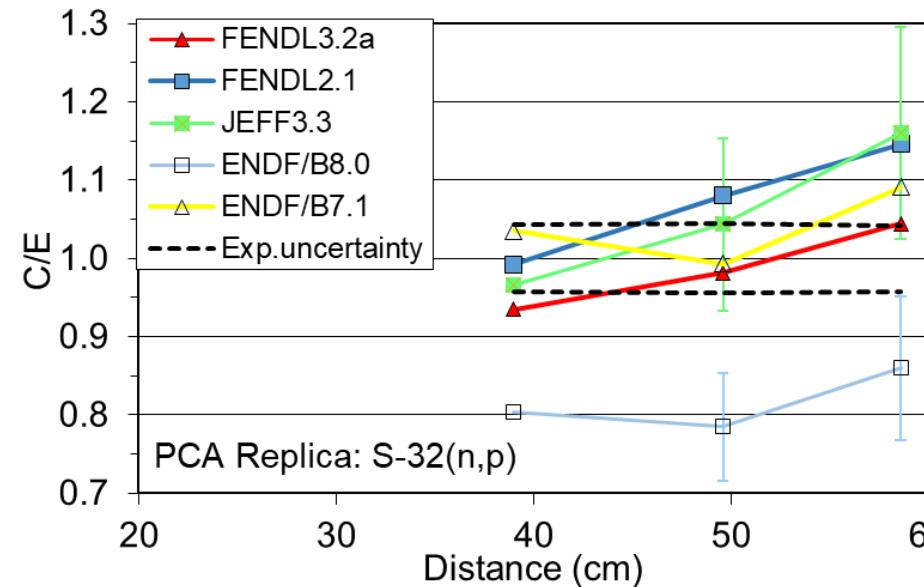
5. Shielding benchmarks C/E validation and nuclear data trends



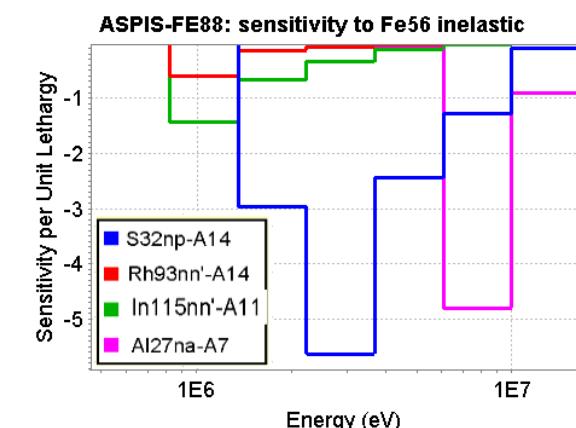
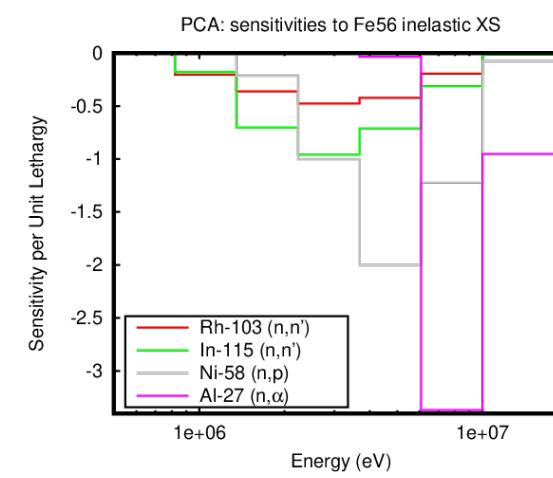
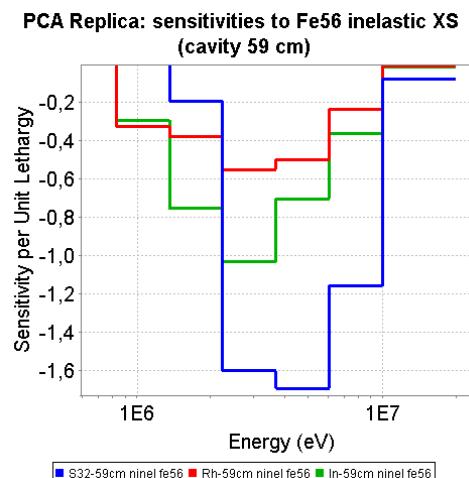
5.1. SINBAD benchmarks for validation of recent Fe evaluations (ENDF/B-VIII.0, JEFF-3.3 and FENDL-3.2)

Benchmark / quality	Additional information needed on:
ASPIS Iron-88 ~ ♦♦♦ Analyses by UKAEA (I.Kodeli)	Review: new MCNP model. Additional information needed on: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- detectors arrangement (e.g. stacking)- gaps between the slabs- absolute calibration of neutron source & dilution factor- effect of the cave walls
ORNL PCA Pool Critical Assembly - PV Benchmark (1980) Analyses by NRG (S.v.d. Marck)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- approximate modelling of neutron source (material test reactor (MTR) with a 93% ^{235}U fuel elements)- SINBAD quality evaluations to be performed
ASPIS PCA REPLICA - Winfrith Water/Steel ♦♦♦ Analyses by UKAEA (I.Kodeli)	Supplementary information received from David Hanlon (Jacobs) on (available from WPEC SG47 Github): <ul style="list-style-type: none">- geometrical arrangement of the fission plate and ASPIS cave;- geometry and material of the detectors;- measurement arrangement and background contribution- availability of ^{235}U fission chamber measurements
CIAE Iron slab 14 MeV benchmark Analyses by UKAEA (I.Kodeli)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Ongoing SINBAD evaluation (presented at WPEC SG47)- TOA neutron spectra measured from 5, 10 and 15 cm Fe slabs at 60° and 120° (~2016)

5. Shielding benchmarks C/E validation and nuclear data trends



C/E for S(n,p) and Al(n, α)
using ASPIS-Fe88, PCA &
PCA Replica

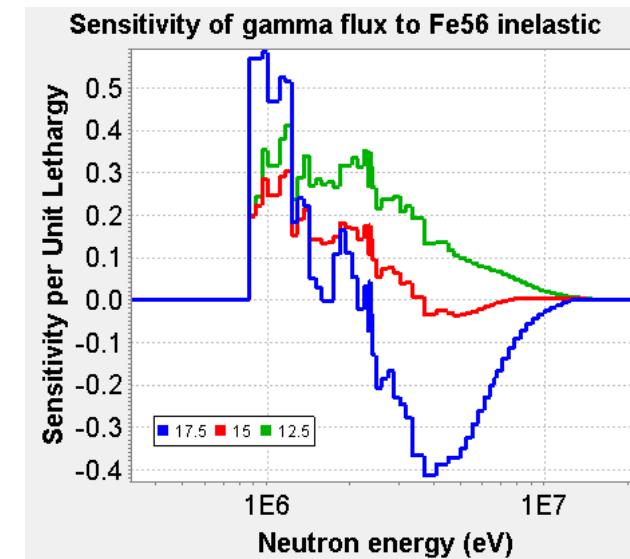
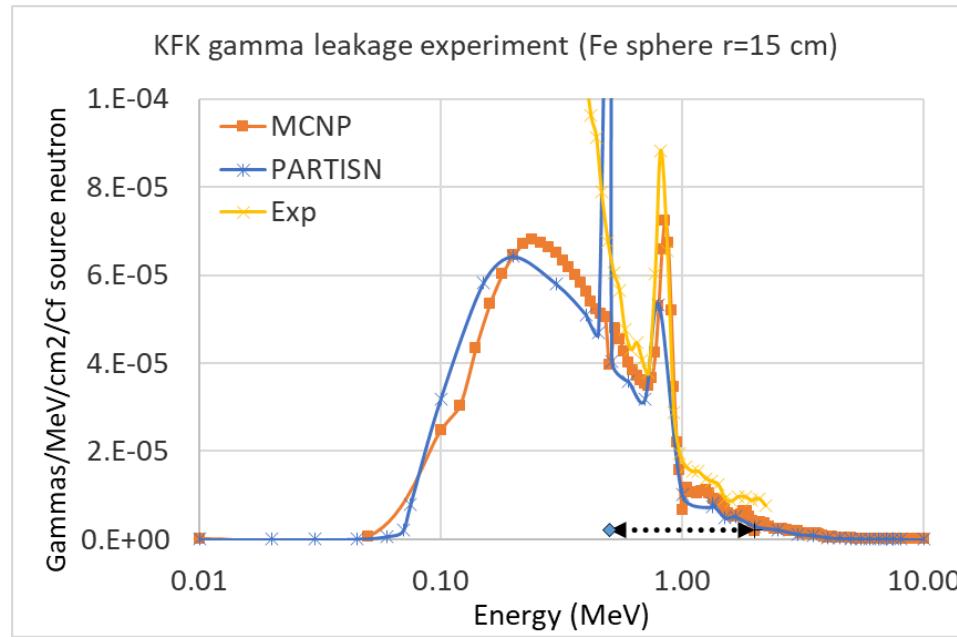


Sensitivity profiles to
 $^{56}\text{Fe}(n,n')$ in deepest
positions for PCA, PCA
Replica vs. ASPIS Fe88

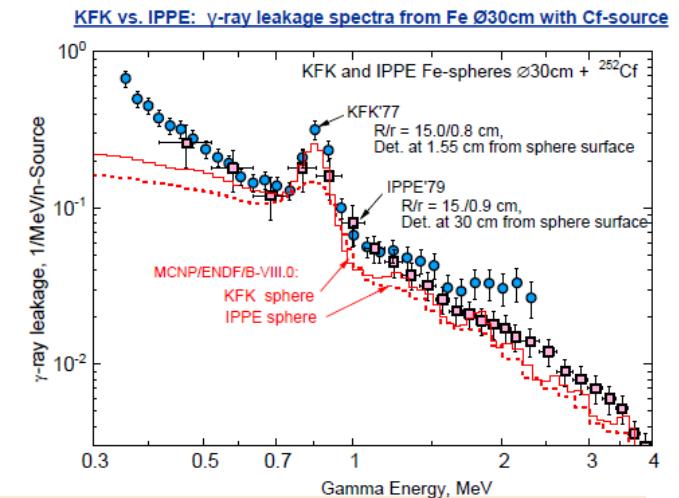
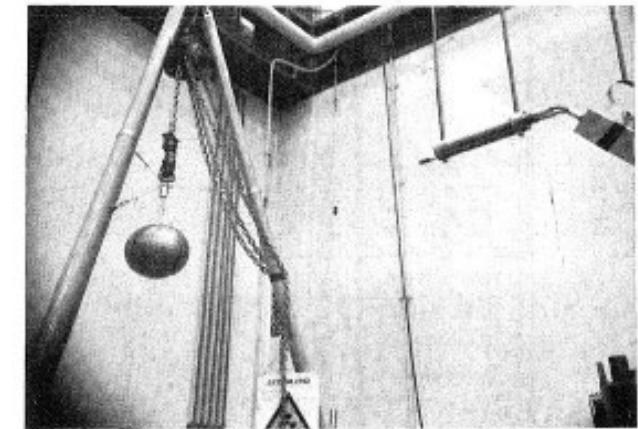
5. Shielding benchmarks C/E validation and nuclear data trends

5.2. KFK-1977 γ -ray leakage benchmark

- New SINBAD evaluation by Stanislav Simakov: KFK-1977 measured gamma from bare $^{252}\text{Cf}(\text{s.f.})$ source and from Ø25, 30 and 35 cm Fe spheres was prepared within WPEC SG47



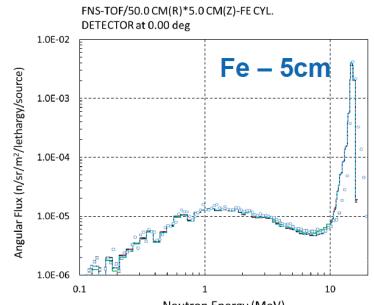
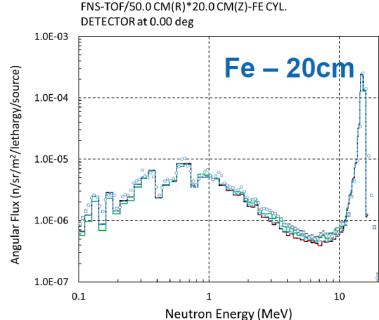
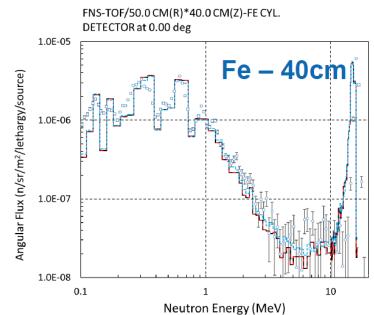
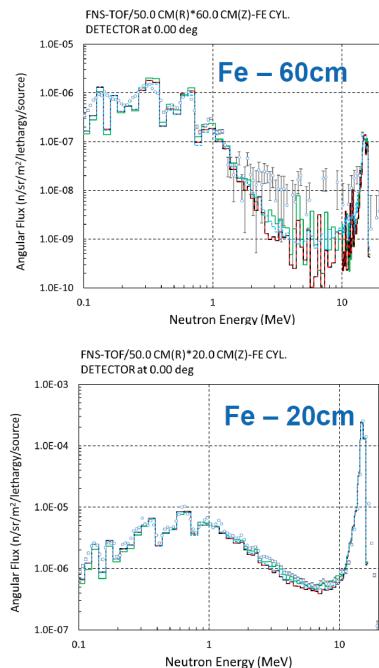
KFK set-up:



5. Shielding benchmarks C/E validation and nuclear data trends

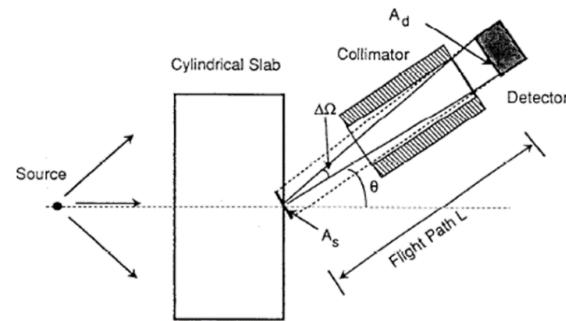
5.3. TOF Shielding Benchmarks in SINBAD

- FNS - TOP (17 cases x 5 angles)
- Oktavian (15 cases)
- MCNP6 shielding suite (14 cases)

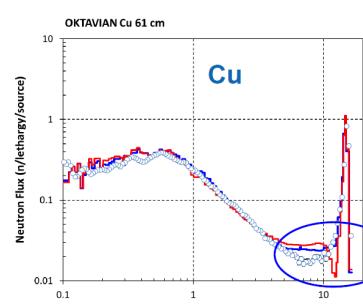
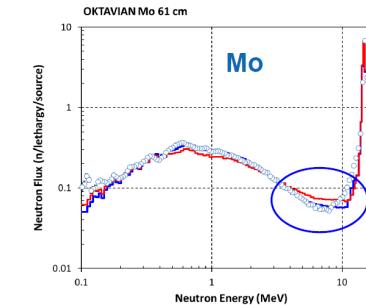
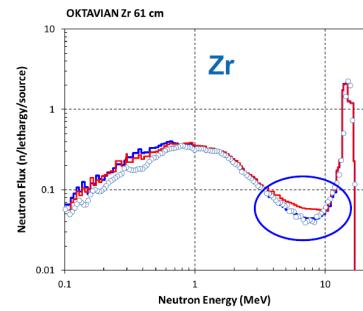
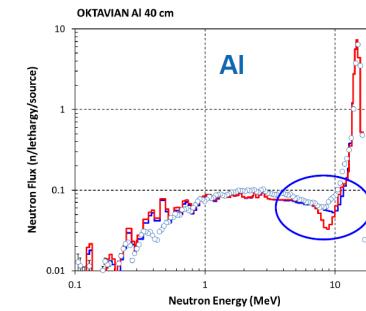
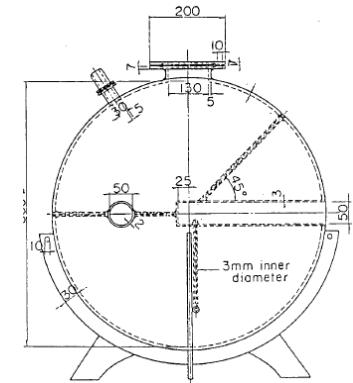


FNS/TOF results

FNS/TOF



Oktavian pulsed sphere



Oktavian results

Deliverable D5.7 – Status summary



- ✓ Significant number of sets of reactor physics & shielding benchmarks, as planned
- ✓ Extensive use of JEFF-3.3 and JEFF-4Tx for C/E estimates and trends identified
- ✓ Deliverable structure already shared with all contributors (January 2024)
- ✓ Pending to send a draft so that contributors can include additional updated results/analysis
- ✓ Estimated date to send a 1st draft to contributors: March 2024
- ✓ Estimated date for completion: April 2024